

Amendment to H.R. 1501

Offered by Mr. Goodling of Pennsylvania

Page 1, after line 2, insert the following:

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Juvenile Justice Re-
3 form Act of 1999”.

Page 1, strike line 3 and insert the following:

4 **TITLE I—CONSEQUENCES FOR**
5 **JUVENILE OFFENDERS**

6 **SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.**

Page 1, line 4, strike “Act” and insert “title”.

Page 2, line 1, redesignate section 2 as section 102.

At the end of the bill, add the following (and make such technical and conforming changes as may be appropriate):

1 **TITLE II—JUVENILE CRIME CON-**
2 **TROL AND DELINQUENCY**
3 **PREVENTION**

4 **SEC. 200. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

5 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This title may be cited as the
6 “Juvenile Crime Control and Delinquency Prevention Act
7 of 1999”.

8 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of
9 this title is as follows:

TITLE II—JUVENILE CRIME CONTROL AND DELINQUENCY
PREVENTION

Sec. 200. Short title; table of contents.

SUBTITLE A—AMENDMENTS TO JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY
PREVENTION ACT OF 1974

Sec. 201. Findings.

Sec. 202. Purpose.

Sec. 203. Definitions.

Sec. 204. Name of office.

Sec. 205. Concentration of Federal effort.

Sec. 206. Coordinating Council on Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Preven-
tion.

Sec. 207. Annual report.

Sec. 208. Allocation.

Sec. 209. State plans.

Sec. 210. Juvenile delinquency prevention block grant program.

Sec. 211. Research; evaluation; technical assistance; training.

Sec. 212. Demonstration projects.

Sec. 213. Authorization of appropriations.

Sec. 214. Administrative authority.

Sec. 215. Use of funds.

Sec. 216. Limitation on use of funds.

Sec. 217. Rule of construction.

Sec. 218. Leasing surplus Federal property.

Sec. 219. Issuance of Rules.

Sec. 220. Content of materials.

Sec. 221. Technical and conforming amendments.

Sec. 222. References.

SUBTITLE B—AMENDMENTS TO THE RUNAWAY AND HOMELESS YOUTH ACT

Sec. 231. Runaway and homeless youth.

SUBTITLE C—REPEAL OF TITLE V RELATING TO INCENTIVE GRANTS FOR
LOCAL DELINQUENCY PREVENTION PROGRAMS

Sec. 241. Repealer.

SUBTITLE D—AMENDMENTS TO THE MISSING CHILDREN’S ASSISTANCE ACT

Sec. 251. National center for missing and exploited children.

SUBTITLE E—STUDIES AND EVALUATIONS

Sec. 261. Study of school violence.

Sec. 262. Study of mental health needs of juveniles in secure and nonsecure
placements in the juvenile justice system.

Sec. 263. Evaluation by General Accounting Office.

Sec. 264. General Accounting Office Report.

Sec. 265. Behavioral and social science research on youth violence.

SUBTITLE F—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 271. Effective date; application of amendments.

1 **Subtitle A—Amendments to Juve-**
2 **nile Justice and Delinquency**
3 **Prevention Act of 1974**

4 **SEC. 201. FINDINGS.**

5 Section 101 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
6 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5601) is amended to
7 read as follows:

8 “FINDINGS

9 “SEC. 101. (a) The Congress finds the following:

10 “(1) There has been a dramatic increase in ju-
11 venile delinquency, particularly violent crime com-
12 mitted by juveniles. Weapons offenses and homicides
13 are 2 of the fastest growing crimes committed by ju-
14 veniles. More than 1/2 of juvenile victims are killed
15 with a firearm. Approximately 1/5 of the individuals
16 arrested for committing violent crime are less than

1 18 years of age. The increase in both the number of
2 youth below the age of 15 and females arrested for
3 violent crime is cause for concern.

4 “(2) This problem should be addressed through
5 a 2-track common sense approach that addresses the
6 needs of individual juveniles and society at large by
7 promoting—

8 “(A) quality prevention programs that—

9 “(i) work with juveniles, their fami-
10 lies, local public agencies, and community-
11 based organizations, and take into consid-
12 eration such factors as whether or not ju-
13 veniles have been the victims of family vio-
14 lence (including child abuse and neglect);
15 and

16 “(ii) are designed to reduce risks and
17 develop competencies in at-risk juveniles
18 that will prevent, and reduce the rate of,
19 violent delinquent behavior; and

20 “(B) programs that assist in holding juve-
21 niles accountable for their actions, including a
22 system of graduated sanctions to respond to
23 each delinquent act, requiring juveniles to make
24 restitution, or perform community service, for
25 the damage caused by their delinquent acts,

1 and the dissemination of information on effective
2 programs for combating juvenile delinquency.”.

3 **SEC. 203. DEFINITIONS.**

4 Section 103 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
5 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5603) is amended—

6 (1) in paragraph (3) by striking “to help pre-
7 vent juvenile delinquency” and inserting “designed
8 to reduce known risk factors for juvenile delinquent
9 behavior, provides activities that build on protective
10 factors for, and develop competencies in, juveniles to
11 prevent, and reduce the rate of, delinquent juvenile
12 behavior”,

13 (2) in paragraph (4) by inserting “title I of”
14 before “the Omnibus” each place it appears,

15 (3) in paragraph (7) by striking “the Trust
16 Territory of the Pacific Islands,”,

17 (4) in paragraph (9) by striking “justice” and
18 inserting “crime control”,

19 (5) in paragraph (12)(B) by striking “, of any
20 nonoffender,”,

21 (6) in paragraph (13)(B) by striking “, any
22 non-offender,”,

23 (7) in paragraph (14) by inserting “drug traf-
24 ficking,” after “assault,”,

25 (8) in paragraph (16)—

1 (A) in subparagraph (A) by adding “and”
2 at the end, and

3 (B) by striking subparagraph (C),
4 (9) by striking paragraph (17),
5 (10) in paragraph (22)—

6 (A) by redesignating subparagraphs (i),
7 (ii), and (iii) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and
8 (C), respectively, and

9 (B) by striking “and” at the end,
10 (11) in paragraph (23) by striking the period at
11 the end and inserting a semicolon,

12 (12) by redesignating paragraphs (18), (19),
13 (20), (21), (22), and (23) as paragraphs (17)
14 through (22), respectively, and

15 (13) by adding at the end the following:

16 “(23) the term ‘boot camp’ means a residential
17 facility (excluding a private residence) at which there
18 are provided—

19 “(A) a highly regimented schedule of dis-
20 cipline, physical training, work, drill, and cere-
21 mony characteristic of military basic training.

22 “(B) regular, remedial, special, and voca-
23 tional education; and

1 “(C) counseling and treatment for sub-
2 stance abuse and other health and mental
3 health problems;

4 “(24) the term ‘graduated sanctions’ means an
5 accountability-based, graduated series of sanctions
6 (including incentives and services) applicable to juve-
7 niles within the juvenile justice system to hold such
8 juveniles accountable for their actions and to protect
9 communities from the effects of juvenile delinquency
10 by providing appropriate sanctions for every act for
11 which a juvenile is adjudicated delinquent, by induc-
12 ing their law-abiding behavior, and by preventing
13 their subsequent involvement with the juvenile jus-
14 tice system;

15 “(25) the term ‘violent crime’ means—

16 “(A) murder or nonnegligent man-
17 slaughter, forcible rape, or robbery, or

18 “(B) aggravated assault committed with
19 the use of a firearm;

20 “(26) the term ‘co-located facilities’ means fa-
21 cilities that are located in the same building, or are
22 part of a related complex of buildings located on the
23 same grounds; and

24 “(27) the term ‘related complex of buildings’
25 means 2 or more buildings that share—

1 (1) in subsection (a)(1) by striking the last sen-
2 tence,

3 (2) in subsection (b)—

4 (A) in paragraph (3) by striking “and of
5 the prospective” and all that follows through
6 “administered”,

7 (B) by striking paragraph (5), and

8 (C) by redesignating paragraphs (6) and
9 (7) as paragraphs (5) and (6), respectively,

10 (3) in subsection (c) by striking “and reports”
11 and all that follows through “this part”, and insert-
12 ing “as may be appropriate to prevent the duplica-
13 tion of efforts, and to coordinate activities, related to
14 the prevention of juvenile delinquency”,

15 (4) by striking subsection (i), and

16 (5) by redesignating subsection (h) as sub-
17 section (f).

18 **SEC. 206. COORDINATING COUNCIL ON JUVENILE JUSTICE**

19 **AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION.**

20 Section 206 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
21 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5616) is repealed.

22 **SEC. 207. ANNUAL REPORT.**

23 Section 207 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
24 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5617) is amended—

25 (1) in paragraph (2)—

1 (A) by inserting “and” after “priorities,”
2 and

3 (B) by striking “, and recommendations of
4 the Council”,

5 (2) by striking paragraphs (4) and (5), and in-
6 serting the following:

7 “(4) An evaluation of the programs funded
8 under this title and their effectiveness in reducing
9 the incidence of juvenile delinquency, particularly
10 violent crime, committed by juveniles.”, and

11 (3) by redesignating such section as section
12 206.

13 **SEC. 208. ALLOCATION.**

14 Section 222 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
15 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5632) is amended—

16 (1) in subsection (a)—

17 (A) in paragraph (2)—

18 (i) in subparagraph (A)—

19 (I) by striking “amount, up to
20 \$400,000,” and inserting “amount up
21 to \$400,000”,

22 (II) by inserting a comma after
23 “1992” the 1st place it appears,

24 (III) by striking “the Trust Ter-
25 ritory of the Pacific Islands,”, and

1 (IV) by striking “amount, up to
2 \$100,000,” and inserting “amount up
3 to \$100,000”,

4 (ii) in subparagraph (B)—

5 (I) by striking “(other than part
6 D)”,

7 (II) by striking “or such greater
8 amount, up to \$600,000” and all that
9 follows through “section 299(a) (1)
10 and (3)”,

11 (III) by striking “the Trust Ter-
12 ritory of the Pacific Islands”,

13 (IV) by striking “amount, up to
14 \$100,000,” and inserting “amount up
15 to \$100,000”, and

16 (V) by inserting a comma after
17 “1992”,

18 (B) in paragraph (3) by striking “allot”
19 and inserting “allocate”, and

20 (2) in subsection (b) by striking “the Trust
21 Territory of the Pacific Islands,”.

22 **SEC. 209. STATE PLANS.**

23 Section 223 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
24 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5633) is amended—

25 (1) in subsection (a)—

1 (A) in the 2nd sentence by striking “chal-
2 lenge” and all that follows through “part E”,
3 and inserting “, projects, and activities”,

4 (B) in paragraph (3)—

5 (i) by striking “, which—” and insert-
6 ing “that—”,

7 (ii) in subparagraph (A)—

8 (I) by striking “not less” and all
9 that follows through “33”, and insert-
10 ing “the attorney general of the State
11 or such other State official who has
12 primary responsibility for overseeing
13 the enforcement of State criminal
14 laws, and”,

15 (II) by inserting “, in consulta-
16 tion with the attorney general of the
17 State or such other State official who
18 has primary responsibility for over-
19 seeing the enforcement of State crimi-
20 nal laws” after “State”,

21 (III) in clause (i) by striking “or
22 the administration of juvenile justice”
23 and inserting “, the administration of
24 juvenile justice, or the reduction of ju-
25 venile delinquency”,

1 (IV) in clause (ii) by striking “in-
2 clude—” and all that follows through
3 the semicolon at the end of subclause
4 (VIII), and inserting the following:

5 “represent a multidisciplinary approach to
6 addressing juvenile delinquency and may
7 include—

8 (I) individuals who represent
9 units of general local government, law
10 enforcement and juvenile justice agen-
11 cies, public agencies concerned with
12 the prevention and treatment of juve-
13 nile delinquency and with the adju-
14 dication of juveniles, representatives
15 of juveniles, or nonprofit private orga-
16 nizations, particularly such organiza-
17 tions that serve juveniles; and

18 (II) such other individuals as
19 the chief executive officer considers to
20 be appropriate; and”, and

21 (V) by striking clauses (iv) and
22 (v),

23 (iii) in subparagraph (C) by striking
24 “justice” and inserting “crime control”,

25 (iv) in subparagraph (D)—

1 (I) in clause (i) by inserting
2 “and” at the end,

3 (II) in clause (ii) by striking
4 “paragraphs” and all that follows
5 through “part E”, and inserting
6 “paragraphs (11), (12), and (13)”,
7 and

8 (III) by striking clause (iii), and
9 (v) in subparagraph (E) by striking
10 “title—” and all that follows through
11 “(ii)” and inserting “title,”,
12 (C) in paragraph (5)—

13 (i) in the matter preceding subpara-
14 graph (A) by striking “, other than” and
15 inserting “reduced by the percentage (if
16 any) specified by the State under the au-
17 thority of paragraph (25) and excluding”
18 after “section 222”, and

19 “(ii) in subparagraph (C) by striking
20 “paragraphs (12)(A), (13), and (14)” and
21 inserting “paragraphs (11), (12), and
22 (13)”,
23 (D) by striking paragraph (6),

1 (E) in paragraph (7) by inserting “, in-
2 cluding in rural areas” before the semicolon at
3 the end,

4 (F) in paragraph (8)—

5 (i) in subparagraph (A)—

6 (I) by striking “for (i)” and all
7 that follows through “relevant juris-
8 diction”, and inserting “for an analy-
9 sis of juvenile delinquency problems
10 in, and the juvenile delinquency con-
11 trol and delinquency prevention needs
12 (including educational needs) of, the
13 State”,

14 (II) by striking “justice” the sec-
15 ond place it appears and inserting
16 “crime control”, and

17 (III) by striking “of the jurisdic-
18 tion; (ii)” and all that follows through
19 the semicolon at the end, and insert-
20 ing “of the State; and”,

21 (ii) by amending subparagraph (B) to
22 read as follows:

23 “(B) contain—

1 “(i) a plan for providing needed gen-
2 der-specific services for the prevention and
3 treatment of juvenile delinquency;

4 “(ii) a plan for providing needed serv-
5 ices for the prevention and treatment of ju-
6 venile delinquency in rural areas; and

7 “(iii) a plan for providing needed
8 mental health services to juveniles in the
9 juvenile justice system, including informa-
10 tion on how such plan is being imple-
11 mented and how such services will be tar-
12 geted to those juveniles in the such system
13 who are in greatest need of such services
14 services;”, and

15 (iii) by striking subparagraphs (C)
16 and (D),

17 (G) by amending paragraph (9) to read as
18 follows:

19 “(9) provide for the coordination and maximum
20 utilization of existing juvenile delinquency programs,
21 programs operated by public and private agencies
22 and organizations, and other related programs (such
23 as education, special education, recreation, health,
24 and welfare programs) in the State;”,

25 (H) in paragraph (10)—

- 1 (i) in subparagraph (A)—
- 2 (I) by striking “, specifically”
- 3 and inserting “including”,
- 4 (II) by striking clause (i), and
- 5 (III) redesignating clauses (ii)
- 6 and (iii) as clauses (i) and (ii), respec-
- 7 tively,
- 8 (ii) in subparagraph (C) by striking
- 9 “juvenile justice” and inserting “juvenile
- 10 crime control”,
- 11 (iv) by amending subparagraph (D) to
- 12 read as follows:
- 13 “(D) programs that provide treatment to
- 14 juvenile offenders who are victims of child
- 15 abuse or neglect, and to their families, in order
- 16 to reduce the likelihood that such juvenile of-
- 17 fenders will commit subsequent violations of
- 18 law;”,
- 19 (iv) in subparagraph (E)—
- 20 (I) by redesignating clause (ii) as
- 21 clause (iii), and
- 22 (II) by striking “juveniles, pro-
- 23 vided” and all that follows through
- 24 “provides; and”, and inserting the fol-
- 25 lowing:

1 “juveniles—

2 “(i) to encourage juveniles to remain
3 in elementary and secondary schools or in
4 alternative learning situations;

5 “(ii) to provide services to assist juve-
6 niles in making the transition to the world
7 of work and self-sufficiency; and”,

8 (v) by amending subparagraph (F) to
9 read as follows:

10 “(F) expanding the use of probation
11 officers—

12 “(i) particularly for the purpose of permit-
13 ting nonviolent juvenile offenders (including
14 status offenders) to remain at home with their
15 families as an alternative to incarceration or in-
16 stitutionalization; and

17 “(ii) to ensure that juveniles follow the
18 terms of their probation;”,

19 (vi) by amending subparagraph (G) to
20 read as follows:

21 “(G) one-on-one mentoring programs that
22 are designed to link at-risk juveniles and juve-
23 nile offenders, particularly juveniles residing in
24 high-crime areas and juveniles experiencing
25 educational failure, with responsible adults

1 (such as law enforcement officers, adults work-
2 ing with local businesses, and adults working
3 with community-based organizations and agen-
4 cies) who are properly screened and trained;”,
5 (vii) in subparagraph (H) by striking
6 “handicapped youth” and inserting “juve-
7 niles with disabilities”,
8 (viii) by amending subparagraph (K)
9 to read as follows:
10 “(K) boot camps for juvenile offenders;”,
11 (ix) by amending subparagraph (L) to
12 read as follows:
13 “(L) community-based programs and serv-
14 ices to work with juveniles, their parents, and
15 other family members during and after incar-
16 ceration in order to strengthen families so that
17 such juveniles may be retained in their homes;”,
18 (x) by amending subparagraph (N) to
19 read as follows:
20 “(N) establishing policies and systems to
21 incorporate relevant child protective services
22 records into juvenile justice records for pur-
23 poses of establishing treatment plans for juve-
24 nile offenders;”,
25 (xi) in subparagraph (O)—

1 (I) in striking “cultural” and in-
2 sserting “other”, and

3 (II) by striking the period at the
4 end and inserting a semicolon, and

5 (xii) by adding at the end the follow-
6 ing:

7 “(P) programs designed to prevent and to
8 reduce hate crimes committed by juveniles; and

9 “(Q) after-school programs that provide
10 at-risk juveniles and juveniles in the juvenile
11 justice system with a range of age-appropriate
12 activities, including tutoring, mentoring, and
13 other educational and enrichment activities.”,

14 (I) by amending paragraph (12) to read as
15 follows:

16 “(12) shall, in accordance with rules issued by
17 the Administrator, provide that—

18 “(A) juveniles who are charged with or
19 who have committed an offense that would not
20 be criminal if committed by an adult,
21 excluding—

22 “(i) juveniles who are charged with or
23 who have committed a violation of section
24 922(x)(2) of title 18, United States Code,
25 or of a similar State law;

1 “(ii) juveniles who are charged with or
2 who have committed a violation of a valid
3 court order; and

4 “(iii) juveniles who are held in accord-
5 ance with the Interstate Compact on Juve-
6 niles as enacted by the State;

7 shall not be placed in secure detention facilities
8 or secure correctional facilities; and

9 “(B) juveniles—

10 “(i) who are not charged with any of-
11 fense; and

12 “(ii) who are—

13 “(I) aliens; or

14 “(II) alleged to be dependent, ne-
15 glected, or abused;

16 shall not be placed in secure detention facilities
17 or secure correctional facilities;”

18 (J) by amending paragraph (13) to read as
19 follows:

20 “(13) provide that—

21 “(A) juveniles alleged to be or found to be
22 delinquent, and juveniles within the purview of
23 paragraph (11), will not be detained or confined
24 in any institution in which they have regular
25 contact, or unsupervised incidental contact,

1 with adults incarcerated because such adults
2 have been convicted of a crime or are awaiting
3 trial on criminal charges; and

4 “(B) there is in effect in the State a policy
5 that requires individuals who work with both
6 such juveniles and such adults in co-located fa-
7 cilities have been trained and certified to work
8 with juveniles;”,

9 (K) by amending paragraph (14) to read
10 as follows:

11 “(14) provide that no juvenile will be detained
12 or confined in any jail or lockup for adults except—

13 “(A) juveniles who are accused of nonsta-
14 tus offenses and who are detained in such jail
15 or lockup for a period not to exceed 6 hours—

16 “(i) for processing or release;

17 “(ii) while awaiting transfer to a juve-
18 nile facility; or

19 “(iii) in which period such juveniles
20 make a court appearance;

21 “(B) juveniles who are accused of nonsta-
22 tus offenses, who are awaiting an initial court
23 appearance that will occur within 48 hours
24 after being taken into custody (excluding Satur-

1 days, Sundays, and legal holidays), and who are
2 detained in a jail or lockup—

3 “(i) in which—

4 “(I) such juveniles do not have
5 regular contact, or unsupervised inci-
6 dental contact, with adults incarcer-
7 ated because such adults have been
8 convicted of a crime or are awaiting
9 trial on criminal charges; and

10 “(II) there is in effect in the
11 State a policy that requires individ-
12 uals who work with both such juve-
13 niles and such adults in co-located fa-
14 cilities have been trained and certified
15 to work with juveniles; and

16 “(ii) that—

17 “(I) is located outside a metro-
18 politan statistical area (as defined by
19 the Office of Management and Budg-
20 et) and has no existing acceptable al-
21 ternative placement available;

22 “(II) is located where conditions
23 of distance to be traveled or the lack
24 of highway, road, or transportation do
25 not allow for court appearances within

1 48 hours (excluding Saturdays, Sun-
2 days, and legal holidays) so that a
3 brief (not to exceed an additional 48
4 hours) delay is excusable; or

5 “(III) is located where conditions
6 of safety exist (such as severe adverse,
7 life-threatening weather conditions
8 that do not allow for reasonably safe
9 travel), in which case the time for an
10 appearance may be delayed until 24
11 hours after the time that such condi-
12 tions allow for reasonable safe travel;

13 “(C) juveniles who are accused of nonsta-
14 tus offenses and who are detained in a jail or
15 lockup that satisfies the requirements of sub-
16 paragraph (B)(i) if—

17 “(i) such jail or lockup—

18 “(I) is located outside a metro-
19 politan statistical area (as defined by
20 the Office of Management and Budg-
21 et); and

22 “(II) has no existing acceptable
23 alternative placement available;

24 “(ii) a parent or other legal guardian
25 (or guardian ad litem) of the juvenile in-

1 involved, in consultation with the counsel
2 representing the juvenile, consents to de-
3 taining such juvenile in accordance with
4 this subparagraph and has the right to re-
5 voke such consent at any time;

6 “(iii) the juvenile has counsel, and the
7 counsel representing such juvenile—

8 “(I) consults with the parents of
9 the juvenile to determine the appro-
10 priate placement of the juvenile; and

11 “(II) has an opportunity to
12 present the juvenile’s position regard-
13 ing the detention involved to the court
14 before the court approves such deten-
15 tion;;

16 “(iv) the court has an opportunity to
17 hear from the juvenile before court ap-
18 proval of such placement; and

19 “(v) detaining such juvenile in accord-
20 ance with this subparagraph is—

21 “(I) approved in advance by a
22 court with competent jurisdiction that
23 has determined that such placement is
24 in the best interest of such juvenile;

1 “(II) required to be reviewed pe-
2 riodically and in the presence of the
3 juvenile, at intervals of not more than
4 5 days (excluding Saturdays, Sun-
5 days, and legal holidays), by such
6 court for the duration of detention;
7 and

8 “(III) for a period preceding the
9 sentencing (if any) of such juvenile,
10 but not to exceed a 20-day period;”,

11 (L) in paragraph (15)—

12 (i) by striking “paragraph (12)(A),
13 paragraph (13), and paragraph (14)” and
14 inserting “paragraphs (11), (12), and
15 (13)”, and

16 (ii) by striking “paragraph (12)(A)
17 and paragraph (13)” and inserting “para-
18 graphs (11) and (12)”,

19 (M) in paragraph (16) by striking “men-
20 tally, emotionally, or physically handicapping
21 conditions” and inserting “disability”,

22 (N) by amending paragraph (19) to read
23 as follows:

24 “(19) provide assurances that—

1 “(A) any assistance provided under this
2 Act will not cause the displacement (including
3 a partial displacement, such as a reduction in
4 the hours of nonovertime work, wages, or em-
5 ployment benefits) of any currently employed
6 employee;

7 “(B) activities assisted under this Act will
8 not impair an existing collective bargaining re-
9 lationship, contract for services, or collective
10 bargaining agreement; and

11 “(C) no such activity that would be incon-
12 sistent with the terms of a collective bargaining
13 agreement shall be undertaken without the
14 written concurrence of the labor organization
15 involved;”,

16 (O) in paragraph (22) by inserting before
17 the semicolon, the following:

18 “; and that the State will not expend funds to carry
19 out a program referred to in subparagraph (A), (B),
20 or (C) of paragraph (5) if the recipient of funds who
21 carried out such program during the preceding 2-
22 year period fails to demonstrate, before the expira-
23 tion of such 2-year period, that such program
24 achieved substantial success in achieving the goals

1 specified in the application submitted such recipient
2 to the State agency”,

3 (P) by amending paragraph (23) to read
4 as follows:

5 “(23) address juvenile delinquency prevention
6 efforts and system improvement efforts designed to
7 reduce, without establishing or requiring numerical
8 standards or quotas, the disproportionate number of
9 juvenile members of minority groups, who come into
10 contact with the juvenile justice system;”,

11 (Q) by amending paragraph (24) to read
12 as follows:

13 “(24) provide that if a juvenile is taken into
14 custody for violating a valid court order issued for
15 committing a status offense—

16 “(A) an appropriate public agency shall be
17 promptly notified that such juvenile is held in
18 custody for violating such order;

19 “(B) not later than 24 hours during which
20 such juvenile is so held, an authorized rep-
21 resentative of such agency shall interview, in
22 person, such juvenile; and

23 “(C) not later than 48 hours during which
24 such juvenile is so held—

1 “(i) such representative shall submit
2 an assessment to the court that issued
3 such order, regarding the immediate needs
4 of such juvenile; and

5 “(ii) such court shall conduct a hear-
6 ing to determine—

7 “(I) whether there is reasonable
8 cause to believe that such juvenile vio-
9 lated such order; and

10 “(II) the appropriate placement
11 of such juvenile pending disposition of
12 the violation alleged;”,

13 (R) in paragraph (25) by striking the pe-
14 riod at the end and inserting a semicolon,

15 (S) by redesignating paragraphs (7)
16 through (25) as paragraphs (6) through (24),
17 respectively, and

18 (T) by adding at the end the following:

19 “(25) specify a percentage (if any), not to ex-
20 ceed 5 percent, of funds received by the State under
21 section 222 (other than funds made available to the
22 state advisory group under section 222(d)) that the
23 State will reserve for expenditure by the State to
24 provide incentive grants to units of general local gov-

1 ernment that reduce the caseload of probation offi-
2 cers within such units, and

3 “(26) provide that the State, to the maximum
4 extent practicable, will implement a system to ensure
5 that if a juvenile is before a court in the juvenile jus-
6 tice system, public child welfare records (including
7 child protective services records) relating to such ju-
8 venile that are on file in the geographical area under
9 the jurisdiction of such court will be made known to
10 such court.”, and

11 (2) by amending subsection (c) to read as fol-
12 lows:

13 “(c) If a State fails to comply with any of the applica-
14 ble requirements of paragraphs (11), (12), (13), and (23)
15 of subsection (a) in any fiscal year beginning after Sep-
16 tember 30, 1999, then the amount allocated to such State
17 for the subsequent fiscal year shall be reduced by not to
18 exceed 12.5 percent for each such paragraph with respect
19 to which the failure occurs, unless the Administrator de-
20 termines that the State—

21 “(1) has achieved substantial compliance with
22 such applicable requirements with respect to which
23 the State was not in compliance; and

24 “(2) has made, through appropriate executive
25 or legislative action, an unequivocal commitment to

1 achieving full compliance with such applicable re-
2 quirements within a reasonable time.”, and

3 (3) in subsection (d)—

4 (A) by striking “allotment” and inserting
5 “allocation”, and

6 (B) by striking “subsection (a) (12)(A),
7 (13), (14) and (23)” each place it appears and
8 inserting “paragraphs (11), (12), (13), and
9 (23) of subsection (a)”.

10 **SEC. 210. JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PREVENTION BLOCK**
11 **GRANT PROGRAM.**

12 Title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
13 vention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5611 et seq.) is
14 amended—

15 (1) by striking parts C, D, E, F, G, and H,

16 (2) by striking the 1st part I,

17 (3) by redesignating the 2nd part I as part F,

18 and

19 (4) by inserting after part B the following:

20 **“PART C—JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PREVENTION**
21 **BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM**

22 **“SEC. 241. AUTHORITY TO MAKE GRANTS.**

23 “The Administrator may make grants to eligible
24 States, from funds allocated under section 242, for the
25 purpose of providing financial assistance to eligible entities

1 to carry out projects designed to prevent juvenile delin-
2 quency, including—

3 “(1) projects that provide treatment (including
4 treatment for mental health problems) to juvenile of-
5 fenders, and juveniles who are at risk of becoming
6 juvenile offenders, who are victims of child abuse or
7 neglect or who have experienced violence in their
8 homes, at school, or in the community, and to their
9 families, in order to reduce the likelihood that such
10 juveniles will commit violations of law;

11 “(2) educational projects or supportive services
12 for delinquent or other juveniles—

13 “(A) to encourage juveniles to remain in
14 elementary and secondary schools or in alter-
15 native learning situations in educational set-
16 tings;

17 “(B) to provide services to assist juveniles
18 in making the transition to the world of work
19 and self-sufficiency;

20 “(C) to assist in identifying learning dif-
21 ficulties (including learning disabilities);

22 “(D) to prevent unwarranted and arbitrary
23 suspensions and expulsions;

1 “(E) to encourage new approaches and
2 techniques with respect to the prevention of
3 school violence and vandalism;

4 “(F) which assist law enforcement person-
5 nel and juvenile justice personnel to more effec-
6 tively recognize and provide for learning-dis-
7 abled and other juveniles with disabilities;

8 “(G) which develop locally coordinated
9 policies and programs among education, juve-
10 nile justice, and social service agencies; or

11 “(H) to provide services to juvenile with
12 serious mental and emotional disturbances
13 (SED) in need of mental health services;

14 “(3) projects which expand the use of probation
15 officers—

16 “(A) particularly for the purpose of per-
17 mitting nonviolent juvenile offenders (including
18 status offenders) to remain at home with their
19 families as an alternative to incarceration or in-
20 stitutionalization; and

21 “(B) to ensure that juveniles follow the
22 terms of their probation;

23 “(4) one-on-one mentoring projects that are de-
24 signed to link at-risk juveniles and juvenile offenders
25 who did not commit serious crime, particularly juve-

1 niles residing in high-crime areas and juveniles experi-
2 encing educational failure, with responsible adults
3 (such as law enforcement officers, adults working
4 with local businesses, and adults working for com-
5 munity-based organizations and agencies) who are
6 properly screened and trained;

7 “(5) community-based projects and services (in-
8 cluding literacy and social service programs) which
9 work with juvenile offenders and juveniles who are
10 at risk of becoming juvenile offenders, including
11 those from families with limited English-speaking
12 proficiency, their parents, their siblings, and other
13 family members during and after incarceration of
14 the juvenile offenders, in order to strengthen fami-
15 lies, to allow juvenile offenders to be retained in
16 their homes, and to prevent the involvement of other
17 juvenile family members in delinquent activities;

18 “(6) projects designed to provide for the treat-
19 ment (including mental health services) of juveniles
20 for dependence on or abuse of alcohol, drugs, or
21 other harmful substances;

22 “(7) projects which leverage funds to provide
23 scholarships for postsecondary education and train-
24 ing for low-income juveniles who reside in neighbor-

1 hoods with high rates of poverty, violence, and drug-
2 related crimes;

3 “(8) projects which provide for an initial intake
4 screening of each juvenile taken into custody—

5 “(A) to determine the likelihood that such
6 juvenile will commit a subsequent offense; and

7 “(B) to provide appropriate interventions
8 (including mental health services) to prevent
9 such juvenile from committing subsequent of-
10 fenses;

11 “(9) projects (including school- or community-
12 based projects) that are designed to prevent, and re-
13 duce the rate of, the participation of juveniles in
14 gangs that commit crimes (particularly violent
15 crimes), that unlawfully use firearms and other
16 weapons, or that unlawfully traffic in drugs and that
17 involve, to the extent practicable, families and other
18 community members (including law enforcement per-
19 sonnel and members of the business community) in
20 the activities conducted under such projects;

21 “(10) comprehensive juvenile justice and delin-
22 quency prevention projects that meet the needs of
23 juveniles through the collaboration of the many local
24 service systems juveniles encounter, including
25 schools, courts, law enforcement agencies, child pro-

1 tection agencies, mental health agencies, welfare
2 services, health care agencies, private nonprofit
3 agencies, and public recreation agencies offering
4 services to juveniles;

5 “(11) to develop, implement, and support, in
6 conjunction with public and private agencies, organi-
7 zations, and businesses, projects for the employment
8 of juveniles and referral to job training programs
9 (including referral to Federal job training pro-
10 grams);

11 “(12) delinquency prevention activities which
12 involve youth clubs, sports, recreation and parks,
13 peer counseling and teaching, the arts, leadership
14 development, community service, volunteer service,
15 before- and after-school programs, violence preven-
16 tion activities, mediation skills training, camping,
17 environmental education, ethnic or cultural enrich-
18 ment, tutoring, and academic enrichment;

19 “(13) to establish policies and systems to incor-
20 porate relevant child protective services records into
21 juvenile justice records for purposes of establishing
22 treatment plans for juvenile offenders;

23 “(14) programs that encourage social com-
24 petencies, problem-solving skills, and communication
25 skills, youth leadership, and civic involvement;

1 “(15) programs that focus on the needs of
2 young girls at-risk of delinquency or status offenses;

3 “(16) projects which provide for—

4 “(A) an assessment by a qualified mental
5 health professional of incarcerated juveniles
6 who are suspected to be in need of mental
7 health services;

8 “(B) the development of an individualized
9 treatment plan for those incarcerated juveniles
10 determined to be in need of such services;

11 “(C) the inclusion of a discharge plan for
12 incarcerated juveniles receiving mental health
13 services that addresses aftercare services; and

14 “(D) all juveniles receiving psychotropic
15 medications to be under the care of a licensed
16 mental health professional;

17 “(17) after-school programs that provide at-risk
18 juveniles and juveniles in the juvenile justice system
19 with a range of age-appropriate activities, including
20 tutoring, mentoring, and other educational and en-
21 richment activities;

22 “(18) programs related to the establishment
23 and maintenance of a school violence hotline, based
24 on a public-private partnership, that students and
25 parents can use to report suspicious, violent, or

1 threatening behavior to local school and law enforce-
2 ment authorities;

3 “(19) programs (excluding programs to pur-
4 chase guns from juveniles) designed to reduce the
5 unlawful acquisition and illegal use of guns by juve-
6 niles, including partnerships between law enforce-
7 ment agencies, health professionals, school officials,
8 firearms manufacturers, consumer groups, faith-
9 based groups and community organizations; and

10 “(20) other activities that are likely to prevent
11 juvenile delinquency.

12 **“SEC. 242. ALLOCATION.**

13 “Funds appropriated to carry out this part shall be
14 allocated among eligible States proportionately based on
15 the population that is less than 18 years of age in the
16 eligible States.

17 **“SEC. 243. ELIGIBILITY OF STATES.**

18 “(a) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a grant
19 under section 241, a State shall submit to the Adminis-
20 trator an application that contains the following:

21 “(1) An assurance that the State will use—

22 “(A) not more than 5 percent of such
23 grant, in the aggregate, for—

24 “(i) the costs incurred by the State to
25 carry out this part; and

1 “(ii) to evaluate, and provide technical
2 assistance relating to, projects and activi-
3 ties carried out with funds provided under
4 this part; and

5 “(B) the remainder of such grant to make
6 grants under section 244.

7 “(2) An assurance that, and a detailed descrip-
8 tion of how, such grant will support, and not sup-
9 plant State and local efforts to prevent juvenile de-
10 linquency.

11 “(3) An assurance that such application was
12 prepared after consultation with and participation by
13 community-based organizations, and organizations in
14 the local juvenile justice system, that carry out pro-
15 grams, projects, or activities to prevent juvenile de-
16 linquency.

17 “(4) An assurance that each eligible entity de-
18 scribed in section 244 that receives an initial grant
19 under section 244 to carry out a project or activity
20 shall also receive an assurance from the State that
21 such entity will receive from the State, for the subse-
22 quent fiscal year to carry out such project or activi-
23 ty, a grant under such section in an amount that
24 is proportional, based on such initial grant and on
25 the amount of the grant received under section 241

1 by the State for such subsequent fiscal year, but
2 that does not exceed the amount specified for such
3 subsequent fiscal year in such application as ap-
4 proved by the State.

5 “(5) Such other information and assurances as
6 the Administrator may reasonably require by rule.

7 “(b) APPROVAL OF APPLICATIONS.—

8 “(1) APPROVAL REQUIRED.—Subject to para-
9 graph (2), the Administrator shall approve an appli-
10 cation, and amendments to such application submit-
11 ted in subsequent fiscal years, that satisfy the re-
12 quirements of subsection (a).

13 “(2) LIMITATION.—The Administrator may not
14 approve such application (including amendments to
15 such application) for a fiscal year unless—

16 “(A)(i) the State submitted a plan under
17 section 223 for such fiscal year; and

18 “(ii) such plan is approved by the Adminis-
19 trator for such fiscal year; or

20 “(B) the Administrator waives the applica-
21 tion of subparagraph (A) to such State for such
22 fiscal year, after finding good cause for such a
23 waiver.

1 **“SEC. 244. GRANTS FOR LOCAL PROJECTS.**

2 “(a) GRANTS BY STATES.—Using a grant received
3 under section 241, a State may make grants to eligible
4 entities whose applications are received by the State to
5 carry out projects and activities described in section 241.

6 “(b) SPECIAL CONSIDERATION.—For purposes of
7 making grants under subsection (a), the State shall give
8 special consideration to eligible entities that—

9 “(1) propose to carry out such projects in geo-
10 graphical areas in which there is—

11 “(A) a disproportionately high level of seri-
12 ous crime committed by juveniles; or

13 “(B) a recent rapid increase in the number
14 of nonstatus offenses committed by juveniles;

15 “(2)(A) agreed to carry out such projects or ac-
16 tivities that are multidisciplinary and involve more
17 than 2 private nonprofit agencies, organizations, and
18 institutions that have experience dealing with juve-
19 niles; or

20 “(B) represent communities that have a com-
21 prehensive plan designed to identify at-risk juveniles
22 and to prevent or reduce the rate of juvenile delin-
23 quency, and that involve other entities operated by
24 individuals who have a demonstrated history of in-
25 volvement in activities designed to prevent juvenile
26 delinquency; and

1 “(3) the amount of resources (in cash or in
2 kind) such entities will provide to carry out such
3 projects and activities.

4 **“SEC. 245. ELIGIBILITY OF ENTITIES.**

5 “(a) ELIGIBILITY.—Except as provided in subsection
6 (b), to be eligible to receive a grant under section 244,
7 a unit of general purpose local government, acting jointly
8 with not fewer than 2 private nonprofit agencies, organiza-
9 tions, and institutions that have experience dealing with
10 juveniles, shall submit to the State an application that
11 contains the following:

12 “(1) An assurance that such applicant will use
13 such grant, and each such grant received for the
14 subsequent fiscal year, to carry out throughout a 2-
15 year period a project or activity described in reason-
16 able detail, and of a kind described in one or more
17 of paragraphs (1) through (14) of section 241 as
18 specified in, such application.

19 “(2) A statement of the particular goals such
20 project or activity is designed to achieve, and the
21 methods such entity will use to achieve, and assess
22 the achievement of, each of such goals.

23 “(3) A statement identifying the research (if
24 any) such entity relied on in preparing such applica-
25 tion.

1 “(b) LIMITATION.—If an eligible entity that receives
2 a grant under section 244 to carry out a project or activity
3 for a 2-year period, and receives technical assistance from
4 the State or the Administrator after requesting such tech-
5 nical assistance (if any), fails to demonstrate, before the
6 expiration of such 2-year period, that such project or such
7 activity has achieved substantial success in achieving the
8 goals specified in the application submitted by such entity
9 to receive such grants, then such entity shall not be eligi-
10 ble to receive any subsequent grant under such section to
11 continue to carry out such project or activity.”.

12 **SEC. 211. RESEARCH; EVALUATION; TECHNICAL ASSIST-**
13 **ANCE; TRAINING.**

14 Title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
15 vention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5611 et seq.) is amended
16 by inserting after part C, as added by section 110, the
17 following:

18 **“PART D—RESEARCH; EVALUATION; TECHNICAL**
19 **ASSISTANCE; TRAINING**

20 **“SEC. 251. RESEARCH AND EVALUATION; STATISTICAL**
21 **ANALYSES; INFORMATION DISSEMINATION**

22 “(a) RESEARCH AND EVALUATION.—(1) The Admin-
23 istrator may—

24 “(A) plan and identify, after consultation with
25 the Director of the National Institute of Justice, the

1 purposes and goals of all agreements carried out
2 with funds provided under this subsection; and

3 “(B) make agreements with the National Insti-
4 tute of Justice or, subject to the approval of the As-
5 sistant Attorney General for the Office of Justice
6 Programs, with another Federal agency authorized
7 by law to conduct research or evaluation in juvenile
8 justice matters, for the purpose of providing re-
9 search and evaluation relating to—

10 “(i) the prevention, reduction, and control
11 of juvenile delinquency and serious crime com-
12 mitted by juveniles;

13 “(ii) the link between juvenile delinquency
14 and the incarceration of members of the fami-
15 lies of juveniles;

16 “(iii) successful efforts to prevent first-
17 time minor offenders from committing subse-
18 quent involvement in serious crime;

19 “(iv) successful efforts to prevent recidi-
20 vism;

21 “(v) the juvenile justice system;

22 “(vi) juvenile violence;

23 “(vii) appropriate mental health services
24 for juveniles and youth at risk of participating
25 in delinquent activities;

1 “(viii) reducing the proportion of juveniles
2 detained or confined in secure detention facili-
3 ties, secure correctional facilities, jails, and
4 lockups who are members of minority groups;
5 and

6 “(ix) other purposes consistent with the
7 purposes of this title and title I.

8 “(2) The Administrator shall ensure that an equi-
9 table amount of funds available to carry out paragraph
10 (1)(B) is used for research and evaluation relating to the
11 prevention of juvenile delinquency.

12 “(b) STATISTICAL ANALYSES.—The Administrator
13 may—

14 “(1) plan and identify, after consultation with
15 the Director of the Bureau of Justice Statistics, the
16 purposes and goals of all agreements carried out
17 with funds provided under this subsection; and

18 “(2) make agreements with the Bureau of Jus-
19 tice Statistics, or subject to the approval of the As-
20 sistant Attorney General for the Office of Justice
21 Programs, with another Federal agency authorized
22 by law to undertake statistical work in juvenile jus-
23 tice matters, for the purpose of providing for the col-
24 lection, analysis, and dissemination of statistical
25 data and information relating to juvenile delinquency

1 and serious crimes committed by juveniles, to the ju-
2 venile justice system, to juvenile violence, and to
3 other purposes consist with the purposes of this title
4 and title I.

5 “(c) COMPETITIVE SELECTION PROCESS.—The Ad-
6 ministrator shall use a competitive process, established by
7 rule by the Administrator, to carry out subsections (a) and
8 (b).

9 “(d) IMPLEMENTATION OF AGREEMENTS.—A Fed-
10 eral agency that makes an agreement under subsections
11 (a)(1)(B) and (b)(2) with the Administrator may carry out
12 such agreement directly or by making grants to or con-
13 tracts with public and private agencies, institutions, and
14 organizations.

15 “(e) INFORMATION DISSEMINATION.—The Adminis-
16 trator may—

17 “(1) review reports and data relating to the ju-
18 venile justice system in the United States and in for-
19 eign nations (as appropriate), collect data and infor-
20 mation from studies and research into all aspects of
21 juvenile delinquency (including the causes, preven-
22 tion, and treatment of juvenile delinquency) and se-
23 rious crimes committed by juveniles;

24 “(2) establish and operate, directly or by con-
25 tract, a clearinghouse and information center for the

1 preparation, publication, and dissemination of infor-
2 mation relating to juvenile delinquency, including
3 State and local prevention and treatment programs,
4 plans, resources, and training and technical assist-
5 ance programs; and

6 “(3) make grants and contracts with public and
7 private agencies, institutions, and organizations, for
8 the purpose of disseminating information to rep-
9 resentatives and personnel of public and private
10 agencies, including practitioners in juvenile justice,
11 law enforcement, the courts, corrections, schools,
12 and related services, in the establishment, implemen-
13 tation, and operation of projects and activities for
14 which financial assistance is provided under this
15 title.

16 **“SEC. 252. TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.**

17 “(a) TRAINING.—The Administrator may—

18 “(1) develop and carry out projects for the pur-
19 pose of training representatives and personnel of
20 public and private agencies, including practitioners
21 in juvenile justice, law enforcement, courts, correc-
22 tions, schools, and related services, to carry out the
23 purposes specified in section 102; and

24 “(2) make grants to and contracts with public
25 and private agencies, institutions, and organizations

1 for the purpose of training representatives and per-
2 sonnel of public and private agencies, including prac-
3 titioners in juvenile justice, law enforcement, courts,
4 corrections, schools, and related services, to carry
5 out the purposes specified in section 102.

6 “(b) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Administrator
7 may—

8 “(1) develop and implement projects for the
9 purpose of providing technical assistance to rep-
10 resentatives and personnel of public and private
11 agencies and organizations, including practitioners
12 in juvenile justice, law enforcement, courts, correc-
13 tions, schools, and related services, in the establish-
14 ment, implementation, and operation of programs,
15 projects, and activities for which financial assistance
16 is provided under this title; and

17 “(2) make grants to and contracts with public
18 and private agencies, institutions, and organizations,
19 for the purpose of providing technical assistance to
20 representatives and personnel of public and private
21 agencies, including practitioners in juvenile justice,
22 law enforcement, courts, corrections, schools, and re-
23 lated services, in the establishment, implementation,
24 and operation of programs, projects, and activities

1 for which financial assistance is provided under this
2 title.

3 “(c) TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO
4 MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONALS AND LAW ENFORCE-
5 MENT PERSONNEL.—The Administrator shall provide
6 training and technical assistance to mental health profes-
7 sionals and law enforcement personnel (including public
8 defenders, police officers, probation officers, judges, parole
9 officials, and correctional officers) to address or to pro-
10 mote the development, testing, or demonstration of prom-
11 ising or innovative models, programs, or delivery systems
12 that address the needs of juveniles who are alleged or ad-
13 judicated delinquent and who, as a result of such status,
14 are placed in secure detention or confinement or in non-
15 secure residential placements.”.

16 **SEC. 212. DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.**

17 Title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
18 vention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5611 et seq.) is amended
19 by inserting after part D, as added by section 111, the
20 following:

1 **“PART E—DEVELOPING, TESTING, AND DEM-**
2 **ONSTRATING PROMISING NEW INITIATIVES**
3 **AND PROGRAMS**

4 **“SEC. 261. GRANTS AND PROJECTS.**

5 “(a) AUTHORITY TO MAKE GRANTS.—The Adminis-
6 trator may make grants to and contracts with States,
7 units of general local government, Indian tribal govern-
8 ments, public and private agencies, organizations, and in-
9 dividuals, or combinations thereof, to carry out projects
10 for the development, testing, and demonstration of promis-
11 ing initiatives and programs for the prevention, control,
12 or reduction of juvenile delinquency. The Administrator
13 shall ensure that, to the extent reasonable and practicable,
14 such grants are made to achieve an equitable geographical
15 distribution of such projects throughout the United
16 States.

17 “(b) USE OF GRANTS.—A grant made under sub-
18 section (a) may be used to pay all or part of the cost of
19 the project for which such grant is made.

20 **“SEC. 262. GRANTS FOR TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.**

21 “The Administrator may make grants to and con-
22 tracts with public and private agencies, organizations, and
23 individuals to provide technical assistance to States, units
24 of general local government, Indian tribal governments,
25 local private entities or agencies, or any combination

1 thereof, to carry out the projects for which grants are
2 made under section 261.

3 **“SEC. 263. ELIGIBILITY.**

4 “To be eligible to receive a grant made under this
5 part, a public or private agency, Indian tribal government,
6 organization, institution, individual, or combination there-
7 of shall submit an application to the Administrator at such
8 time, in such form, and containing such information as
9 the Administrator may reasonable require by rule.

10 **“SEC. 264. REPORTS.**

11 “Recipients of grants made under this part shall sub-
12 mit to the Administrator such reports as may be reason-
13 ably requested by the Administrator to describe progress
14 achieved in carrying the projects for which such grants
15 are made.”.

16 **SEC. 213. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

17 Section 299 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
18 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5671) is amended—

19 (1) by striking subsection (e), and

20 (2) by striking subsections (a), (b), and (c), and

21 inserting the following:

22 “(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR
23 TITLE II (EXCLUDING PARTS C AND E).—(1) There are
24 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title such

1 sums as may be appropriate for fiscal years 2000, 2001,
2 2002, and 2003.

3 “(2) Of such sums as are appropriated for a fiscal
4 year to carry out this title (other than parts C and E)—

5 “(A) not more than 5 percent shall be available
6 to carry out part A;

7 “(B) not less than 80 percent shall be available
8 to carry out part B; and

9 “(C) not more than 15 percent shall be avail-
10 able to carry out part D.

11 “(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR
12 PART C.—There are authorized to be appropriated to
13 carry out part C such sums as may be necessary for fiscal
14 years 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003.

15 “(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR PART
16 E.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
17 part E, and authorized to remain available until expended,
18 such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years 2000,
19 2001, 2002, and 2003.”.

20 **SEC. 214. ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY.**

21 Section 299A of the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
22 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5672) is
23 amended—

24 (1) in subsection (d) by striking “as are con-
25 sistent with the purpose of this Act” and inserting

1 “only to the extent necessary to ensure that there is
2 compliance with the specific requirements of this
3 title or to respond to requests for clarification and
4 guidance relating to such compliance”, and

5 (2) by adding at the end the following:

6 “(e) If a State requires by law compliance with the
7 requirements described in paragraphs (11), (12), and (13)
8 of section 223(a), then for the period such law is in effect
9 in such State such State shall be rebuttably presumed to
10 satisfy such requirements.”.

11 **SEC. 215. USE OF FUNDS.**

12 Section 299C of the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
13 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5674) is
14 amended—

15 (1) in subsection (a)—

16 (A) by striking “may be used for”,

17 (B) in paragraph (1) by inserting “may be
18 used for” after “(1)”, and

19 (C) by amending paragraph (2) to read as
20 follows:

21 “(2) may not be used for the cost of construc-
22 tion of any facility, except not more than 15 percent
23 of the funds received under this title by a State for
24 a fiscal year may be used for the purpose of renovat-
25 ing or replacing juvenile facilities.”,

1 (2) by striking subsection (b), and
2 (3) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-
3 section (b).

4 **SEC. 216. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.**

5 Part F of title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
6 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5671 et seq.),
7 as so redesignated by section 210, is amended adding at
8 the end the following:

9 **“SEC. 299F. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.**

10 “None of the funds made available to carry out this
11 title may be used to advocate for, or support, the unse-
12 cured release of juveniles who are charged with a violent
13 crime.”.

14 **SEC. 217. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.**

15 Part F of title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
16 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5671 et seq.),
17 as so redesignated by section 210 and amended by section
18 216, is amended adding at the end the following:

19 **“SEC. 299G. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.**

20 “Nothing in this title or title I shall be construed—
21 “(1) to prevent financial assistance from being
22 awarded through grants under this title to any oth-
23 erwise eligible organization; or

1 “(2) to modify or affect any Federal or State
2 law relating to collective bargaining rights of em-
3 ployees.”.

4 **SEC. 218. LEASING SURPLUS FEDERAL PROPERTY.**

5 Part F of title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
6 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5671 et seq.),
7 as so redesignated by section 210 and amended by sections
8 216 and 217, is amended adding at the end the following:

9 **“SEC. 299H. LEASING SURPLUS FEDERAL PROPERTY.**

10 “The Administrator may receive surplus Federal
11 property (including facilities) and may lease such property
12 to States and units of general local government for use
13 in or as facilities for juvenile offenders, or for use in or
14 as facilities for delinquency prevention and treatment ac-
15 tivities.”.

16 **SEC. 219. ISSUANCE OF RULES.**

17 Part F of title II or the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
18 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5671 et seq.),
19 as so redesignated by section 210 and amended by sections
20 216, 217, and 218, is amended adding at the end the fol-
21 lowing:

22 **“SEC. 299I. ISSUANCE OF RULES.**

23 “The Administrator shall issue rules to carry out this
24 title, including rules that establish procedures and meth-

1 ods for making grants and contracts, and distributing
2 funds available, to carry out this title.”.

3 **SEC. 220. CONTENT OF MATERIALS.**

4 Part F of title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
5 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5671 et seq.),
6 as so redesignated by section 210 and amended by sections
7 216, 217, 218, and 219, is amended by adding at the end
8 the following:

9 **“SEC. 299J. CONTENT OF MATERIALS.**

10 “Materials produced, procured, or distributed using
11 funds appropriated to carry out this Act, for the purpose
12 of preventing hate crimes should be respectful of the diver-
13 sity of deeply held religious beliefs and shall make it clear
14 that for most people religious faith is not associated with
15 prejudice and intolerance.”.

16 **SEC. 221. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.**

17 (a) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—The Juvenile Jus-
18 tice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C.
19 5601 et seq.) is amended—

20 (1) in section 202(b) by striking “prescribed for
21 GS–18 of the General Schedule by section 5332”
22 and inserting “payable under section 5376”,

23 (2) in section 221(b)(2) by striking the last
24 sentence,

1 (3) in section 299D by striking subsection (d),
2 and

3 (4) by striking titles IV and V, as originally en-
4 acted by Public Law 93–415 (88 Stat. 1132–1143).

5 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) Section 5315
6 of title 5 of the United States Code is amended by striking
7 “Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention”
8 and inserting “Office of Juvenile Crime Control and De-
9 linquency Prevention”.

10 (2) Section 4351(b) of title 18 of the United States
11 Code is amended by striking “Office of Juvenile Justice
12 and Delinquency Prevention” and inserting “Office of Ju-
13 venile Crime Control and Delinquency Prevention”.

14 (3) Subsections (a)(1) and (c) of section 3220 of title
15 39 of the United States Code is amended by striking “Of-
16 fice of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention” each
17 place it appears and inserting “Office of Juvenile Crime
18 Control and Delinquency Prevention”.

19 (4) Section 463(f) of the Social Security Act (42
20 U.S.C. 663(f)) is amended by striking “Office of Juvenile
21 Justice and Delinquency Prevention” and inserting “Of-
22 fice of Juvenile Crime Control and Delinquency Preven-
23 tion”.

24 (5) Sections 801(a), 804, 805, and 813 of title I of
25 the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968

1 (42 U.S.C. 3712(a), 3782, 3785, 3786, 3789i) are amend-
2 ed by striking “Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
3 Prevention” each place it appears and inserting “Office
4 of Juvenile Crime Control and Delinquency Prevention”.

5 (6) The Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (42
6 U.S.C. 13001 et seq.) is amended—

7 (A) in section 214(b)(1) by striking “262, 293,
8 and 296 of subpart II of title II” and inserting
9 “299B and 299E”,

10 (B) in section 214A(c)(1) by striking “262,
11 293, and 296 of subpart II of title II” and inserting
12 “299B and 299E”,

13 (C) in sections 217 and 222 by striking “Office
14 of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention”
15 each place it appears and inserting “Office of Juve-
16 nile Crime Control and Delinquency Prevention”,
17 and

18 (D) in section 223(e) by striking “section 262,
19 293, and 296” and inserting “sections 262, 299B,
20 and 299E”.

21 (7) The Missing Children’s Assistance Act (42 U.S.C.
22 5771 et seq.) is amended—

23 (A) in section 403(2) by striking “Justice and
24 Delinquency Prevention” and inserting “Crime Con-
25 trol and Delinquency Prevention”, and

1 (B) in subsections (a)(5)(E) and (b)(1)(B) of
2 section 404 by striking “section 313” and inserting
3 “section 331”.

4 (8) The Crime Control Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 13001
5 et seq.) is amended—

6 (A) in section 217(c)(1) by striking “sections
7 262, 293, and 296 of subpart II of title II” and in-
8 serting “sections 299B and 299E”, and

9 (B) in section 223(c) by striking “section 262,
10 293, and 296 of title II” and inserting “sections
11 299B and 299E”.

12 **SEC. 222. REFERENCES.**

13 In any Federal law (excluding this title and the Acts
14 amended by this title), Executive order, rule, regulation,
15 order, delegation of authority, grant, contract, suit, or
16 document—

17 (1) a reference to the Office of Juvenile Justice
18 and Delinquency Prevention shall be deemed to in-
19 clude a reference to the Office of Juvenile Crime
20 Control and Delinquency Prevention, and

21 (2) a reference to the National Institute for Ju-
22 venile Justice and Delinquency Prevention shall be
23 deemed to include a reference to Office of Juvenile
24 Crime Control and Delinquency Prevention.

1 **Subtitle B—Amendments to the**
2 **Runaway and Homeless Youth Act**

3 **SEC. 231. RUNAWAY AND HOMELESS YOUTH.**

4 (a) FINDINGS.—Section 302 of the Runaway and
5 Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5701) is amended—

6 (1) in paragraph (5), by striking “accurate re-
7 reporting of the problem nationally and to develop”
8 and inserting “an accurate national reporting system
9 to report the problem, and to assist in the develop-
10 ment of”; and

11 (2) by striking paragraph (8) and inserting the
12 following:

13 “(8) services for runaway and homeless youth
14 are needed in urban, suburban, and rural areas;”.

15 (b) AUTHORITY TO MAKE GRANTS FOR CENTERS
16 AND SERVICES.—Section 311 of the Runaway and Home-
17 less Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5711) is amended—

18 (1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
19 following:

20 “(a) GRANTS FOR CENTERS AND SERVICES.—

21 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall make
22 grants to public and nonprofit private entities (and
23 combinations of such entities) to establish and oper-
24 ate (including renovation) local centers to provide

1 services for runaway and homeless youth and for the
2 families of such youth.

3 “(2) SERVICES PROVIDED.—Services provided
4 under paragraph (1)—

5 “(A) shall be provided as an alternative to
6 involving runaway and homeless youth in the
7 law enforcement, child welfare, mental health,
8 and juvenile justice systems;

9 “(B) shall include—

10 “(i) safe and appropriate shelter; and

11 “(ii) individual, family, and group
12 counseling, as appropriate; and

13 “(C) may include—

14 “(i) street-based services;

15 “(ii) home-based services for families
16 with youth at risk of separation from the
17 family; and

18 “(iii) drug abuse education and pre-
19 vention services.”;

20 (2) in subsection (b)(2), by striking “the Trust
21 Territory of the Pacific Islands,”; and

22 (3) by striking subsections (c) and (d).

23 (c) ELIGIBILITY.—Section 312 of the Runaway and
24 Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5712) is amended—

25 (1) in subsection (b)—

1 (A) in paragraph (8), by striking “para-
2 graph (6)” and inserting “paragraph (7)”;

3 (B) in paragraph (10), by striking “and”
4 at the end;

5 (C) in paragraph (11), by striking the pe-
6 riod at the end and inserting “; and”; and

7 (D) by adding at the end the following:

8 “(12) shall submit to the Secretary an annual
9 report that includes, with respect to the year for
10 which the report is submitted—

11 “(A) information regarding the activities
12 carried out under this part;

13 “(B) the achievements of the project under
14 this part carried out by the applicant; and

15 “(C) statistical summaries describing—

16 “(i) the number and the characteris-
17 ties of the runaway and homeless youth,
18 and youth at risk of family separation, who
19 participate in the project; and

20 “(ii) the services provided to such
21 youth by the project.”; and

22 (2) by striking subsections (c) and (d) and in-
23 serting the following:

24 “(c) APPLICANTS PROVIDING STREET-BASED SERV-
25 ICES.—To be eligible to use assistance under section

1 311(a)(2)(C)(i) to provide street-based services, the appli-
2 cant shall include in the plan required by subsection (b)
3 assurances that in providing such services the applicant
4 will—

5 “(1) provide qualified supervision of staff, in-
6 cluding on-street supervision by appropriately
7 trained staff;

8 “(2) provide backup personnel for on-street
9 staff;

10 “(3) provide initial and periodic training of
11 staff who provide such services; and

12 “(4) conduct outreach activities for runaway
13 and homeless youth, and street youth.

14 “(d) APPLICANTS PROVIDING HOME-BASED SERV-
15 ICES.—To be eligible to use assistance under section
16 311(a) to provide home-based services described in section
17 311(a)(2)(C)(ii), an applicant shall include in the plan re-
18 quired by subsection (b) assurances that in providing such
19 services the applicant will—

20 “(1) provide counseling and information to
21 youth and the families (including unrelated individ-
22 uals in the family households) of such youth, includ-
23 ing services relating to basic life skills, interpersonal
24 skill building, educational advancement, job attain-
25 ment skills, mental and physical health care, parent-

1 ing skills, financial planning, and referral to sources
2 of other needed services;

3 “(2) provide directly, or through an arrange-
4 ment made by the applicant, 24-hour service to re-
5 spond to family crises (including immediate access to
6 temporary shelter for runaway and homeless youth,
7 and youth at risk of separation from the family);

8 “(3) establish, in partnership with the families
9 of runaway and homeless youth, and youth at risk
10 of separation from the family, objectives and meas-
11 ures of success to be achieved as a result of receiv-
12 ing home-based services;

13 “(4) provide initial and periodic training of
14 staff who provide home-based services; and

15 “(5) ensure that—

16 “(A) caseloads will remain sufficiently low
17 to allow for intensive (5 to 20 hours per week)
18 involvement with each family receiving such
19 services; and

20 “(B) staff providing such services will re-
21 ceive qualified supervision.

22 “(e) APPLICANTS PROVIDING DRUG ABUSE EDU-
23 CATION AND PREVENTION SERVICES.—To be eligible to
24 use assistance under section 311(a)(2)(C)(iii) to provide

1 drug abuse education and prevention services, an appli-
2 cant shall include in the plan required by subsection (b)—

3 “(1) a description of—

4 “(A) the types of such services that the ap-
5 plicant proposes to provide;

6 “(B) the objectives of such services; and

7 “(C) the types of information and training
8 to be provided to individuals providing such
9 services to runaway and homeless youth; and

10 “(2) an assurance that in providing such serv-
11 ices the applicant shall conduct outreach activities
12 for runaway and homeless youth.”.

13 (d) APPROVAL OF APPLICATIONS.—Section 313 of
14 the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5713)
15 is amended to read as follows:

16 **“SEC. 313. APPROVAL OF APPLICATIONS.**

17 “(a) IN GENERAL.—An application by a public or
18 private entity for a grant under section 311(a) may be
19 approved by the Secretary after taking into consideration,
20 with respect to the State in which such entity proposes
21 to provide services under this part—

22 “(1) the geographical distribution in such State
23 of the proposed services under this part for which all
24 grant applicants request approval; and

1 “(2) which areas of such State have the great-
2 est need for such services.

3 “(b) PRIORITY.—In selecting applications for grants
4 under section 311(a), the Secretary shall give priority to—

5 “(1) eligible applicants who have demonstrated
6 experience in providing services to runaway and
7 homeless youth; and

8 “(2) eligible applicants that request grants of
9 less than \$200,000.”.

10 (e) AUTHORITY FOR TRANSITIONAL LIVING GRANT
11 PROGRAM.—Section 321 of the Runaway and Homeless
12 Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5714–1) is amended—

13 (1) in the section heading, by striking “PUR-
14 POSE AND”;

15 (2) in subsection (a), by striking “(a)”; and

16 (3) by striking subsection (b).

17 (f) ELIGIBILITY.—Section 322(a)(9) of the Runaway
18 and Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5714–2(a)(9)) is
19 amended by inserting “, and the services provided to such
20 youth by such project,” after “such project”.

21 (g) COORDINATION.—Section 341 of the Runaway
22 and Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5714–21) is amended
23 to read as follows:

1 **“SEC. 341. COORDINATION.**

2 “With respect to matters relating to the health, edu-
3 cation, employment, and housing of runaway and homeless
4 youth, the Secretary—

5 “(1) in conjunction with the Attorney General,
6 shall coordinate the activities of agencies of the De-
7 partment of Health and Human Services with activi-
8 ties under any other Federal juvenile crime control,
9 prevention, and juvenile offender accountability pro-
10 gram and with the activities of other Federal enti-
11 ties; and

12 “(2) shall coordinate the activities of agencies
13 of the Department of Health and Human Services
14 with the activities of other Federal entities and with
15 the activities of entities that are eligible to receive
16 grants under this title.”.

17 (h) **AUTHORITY TO MAKE GRANTS FOR RESEARCH,**
18 **EVALUATION, DEMONSTRATION, AND SERVICE**
19 **PROJECTS.**—Section 343 of the Runaway and Homeless
20 Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5714–23) is amended—

21 (1) in the section heading, by inserting “EVAL-
22 UATION,” after “RESEARCH,”;

23 (2) in subsection (a), by inserting “evaluation,”
24 after “research,”; and

25 (3) in subsection (b)—

26 (A) by striking paragraph (2); and

1 (B) by redesignating paragraphs (3)
2 through (10) as paragraphs (2) through (9), re-
3 spectively.

4 (i) STUDY.—Part D of the Runaway and Homeless
5 Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5731 et seq.) is amended by adding
6 after section 344 the following:

7 **“SEC. 345. STUDY**

8 “The Secretary shall conduct a study of a representa-
9 tive sample of runaways to determine the percent who
10 leave home because of sexual abuse. The report on the
11 study shall include—

12 “(1) in the case of sexual abuse , the relation-
13 ship of the assaulter to the runaway; and

14 “(2) recommendations on how Federal laws
15 may be changed to reduce sexual assaults on chil-
16 dren.

17 The study shall be completed to enable the Secretary to
18 make a report to the committees of Congress with jurisdic-
19 tion over this Act, and to make such report available to
20 the public, within one year of the date of the enactment
21 of this section.”

22 (j) ASSISTANCE TO POTENTIAL GRANTEEES.—Section
23 371 of the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C.
24 5714a) is amended by striking the last sentence.

1 (k) REPORTS.—Section 381 of the Runaway and
2 Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5715) is amended to read
3 as follows:

4 **“SEC. 381. REPORTS.**

5 “(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than April 1, 2000,
6 and biennially thereafter, the Secretary shall submit, to
7 the Committee on Education and the Workforce of the
8 House of Representatives and the Committee on the Judi-
9 ciary of the Senate, a report on the status, activities, and
10 accomplishments of entities that receive grants under
11 parts A, B, C, D, and E, with particular attention to—

12 “(1) in the case of centers funded under part
13 A, the ability or effectiveness of such centers in—

14 “(A) alleviating the problems of runaway
15 and homeless youth;

16 “(B) if applicable or appropriate, reuniting
17 such youth with their families and encouraging
18 the resolution of intrafamily problems through
19 counseling and other services;

20 “(C) strengthening family relationships
21 and encouraging stable living conditions for
22 such youth; and

23 “(D) assisting such youth to decide upon a
24 future course of action; and

1 “(2) in the case of projects funded under part

2 B—

3 “(A) the number and characteristics of
4 homeless youth served by such projects;

5 “(B) the types of activities carried out by
6 such projects;

7 “(C) the effectiveness of such projects in
8 alleviating the problems of homeless youth;

9 “(D) the effectiveness of such projects in
10 preparing homeless youth for self-sufficiency;

11 “(E) the effectiveness of such projects in
12 assisting homeless youth to decide upon future
13 education, employment, and independent living;

14 “(F) the ability of such projects to encour-
15 age the resolution of intrafamily problems
16 through counseling and development of self-suf-
17 ficient living skills; and

18 “(G) activities and programs planned by
19 such projects for the following fiscal year.

20 “(b) CONTENTS OF REPORTS.—The Secretary shall
21 include in each report submitted under subsection (a),
22 summaries of—

23 “(1) the evaluations performed by the Secretary
24 under section 386; and

1 “(2) descriptions of the qualifications of, and
2 training provided to, individuals involved in carrying
3 out such evaluations.”.

4 (1) EVALUATION.—Section 384 of the Runaway and
5 Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5732) is amended to read
6 as follows:

7 **“SEC. 386. EVALUATION AND INFORMATION.**

8 “(a) IN GENERAL.—If a grantee receives grants for
9 3 consecutive fiscal years under part A, B, C, D, or E
10 (in the alternative), then the Secretary shall evaluate such
11 grantee on-site, not less frequently than once in the period
12 of such 3 consecutive fiscal years, for purposes of—

13 “(1) determining whether such grants are being
14 used for the purposes for which such grants are
15 made by the Secretary;

16 “(2) collecting additional information for the re-
17 port required by section 384; and

18 “(3) providing such information and assistance
19 to such grantee as will enable such grantee to im-
20 prove the operation of the centers, projects, and ac-
21 tivities for which such grants are made.

22 “(b) COOPERATION.—Recipients of grants under this
23 title shall cooperate with the Secretary’s efforts to carry
24 out evaluations, and to collect information, under this
25 title.”.

1 (m) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section
2 385 of the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C.
3 5751) is amended to read as follows:

4 **“SEC. 388. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

5 “(a) IN GENERAL.—

6 “(1) AUTHORIZATION.—There is authorized to
7 be appropriated to carry out this title (other than
8 part E) such sums as may be necessary for fiscal
9 years 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003.

10 “(2) ALLOCATION.—

11 “(A) PARTS A AND B.—From the amount
12 appropriated under paragraph (1) for a fiscal
13 year, the Secretary shall reserve not less than
14 90 percent to carry out parts A and B.

15 “(B) PART B.—Of the amount reserved
16 under subparagraph (A), not less than 20 per-
17 cent, and not more than 30 percent, shall be re-
18 served to carry out part B.

19 “(3) PARTS C AND D.—In each fiscal year,
20 after reserving the amounts required by paragraph
21 (2), the Secretary shall use the remaining amount
22 (if any) to carry out parts C and D.

23 “(b) SEPARATE IDENTIFICATION REQUIRED.—No
24 funds appropriated to carry out this title may be combined
25 with funds appropriated under any other Act if the pur-

1 pose of combining such funds is to make a single discre-
2 tionary grant, or a single discretionary payment, unless
3 such funds are separately identified in all grants and con-
4 tracts and are used for the purposes specified in this
5 title.”.

6 (n) SEXUAL ABUSE PREVENTION PROGRAM.—

7 (1) AUTHORITY FOR PROGRAM.—The Runaway
8 and Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5701 et seq.)
9 is amended—

10 (A) by striking the heading for part F;

11 (B) by redesignating part E as part F; and

12 (C) by inserting after part D the following:

13 **“PART E—SEXUAL ABUSE PREVENTION**

14 **PROGRAM**

15 **“SEC. 351. AUTHORITY TO MAKE GRANTS.**

16 “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may make grants
17 to nonprofit private agencies for the purpose of providing
18 street-based services to runaway and homeless, and street
19 youth, who have been subjected to, or are at risk of being
20 subjected to, sexual abuse, prostitution, or sexual exploi-
21 tation.

22 “(b) PRIORITY.—In selecting applicants to receive
23 grants under subsection (a), the Secretary shall give prior-
24 ity to nonprofit private agencies that have experience in

1 providing services to runaway and homeless, and street
2 youth.”.

3 (2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

4 Section 388(a) of the Runaway and Homeless Youth
5 Act (42 U.S.C. 5751), as amended by subsection
6 (m) of this section, is amended by adding at the end
7 the following:

8 “(4) PART E.—There is authorized to be appro-
9 priated to carry out part E such sums as may be
10 necessary for fiscal years 2000, 2001, 2002, and
11 2003.”.

12 (o) CONSOLIDATED REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS.—

13 The Runaway and Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5701
14 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 383 the fol-
15 lowing:

16 **“SEC. 385. CONSOLIDATED REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS.**

17 “With respect to funds available to carry out parts
18 A, B, C, D, and E, nothing in this title shall be construed
19 to prohibit the Secretary from—

20 “(1) announcing, in a single announcement, the
21 availability of funds for grants under 2 or more of
22 such parts; and

23 “(2) reviewing applications for grants under 2
24 or more of such parts in a single, consolidated appli-
25 cation review process.”.

1 (p) DEFINITIONS.—The Runaway and Homeless
2 Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5701 et seq.) is amended by insert-
3 ing after section 386, as amended by subsection (l) of this
4 section, the following:

5 **“SEC. 387. DEFINITIONS.**

6 “In this title:

7 “(1) DRUG ABUSE EDUCATION AND PREVEN-
8 TION SERVICES.—The term ‘drug abuse education
9 and prevention services’—

10 “(A) means services to runaway and home-
11 less youth to prevent or reduce the illicit use of
12 drugs by such youth; and

13 “(B) may include—

14 “(i) individual, family, group, and
15 peer counseling;

16 “(ii) drop-in services;

17 “(iii) assistance to runaway and
18 homeless youth in rural areas (including
19 the development of community support
20 groups);

21 “(iv) information and training relating
22 to the illicit use of drugs by runaway and
23 homeless youth, to individuals involved in
24 providing services to such youth; and

1 “(v) activities to improve the availabil-
2 ity of local drug abuse prevention services
3 to runaway and homeless youth.

4 “(2) HOME-BASED SERVICES.—The term
5 ‘home-based services’—

6 “(A) means services provided to youth and
7 their families for the purpose of—

8 “(i) preventing such youth from run-
9 ning away, or otherwise becoming sepa-
10 rated, from their families; and

11 “(ii) assisting runaway youth to re-
12 turn to their families; and

13 “(B) includes services that are provided in
14 the residences of families (to the extent prac-
15 ticable), including—

16 “(i) intensive individual and family
17 counseling; and

18 “(ii) training relating to life skills and
19 parenting.

20 “(3) HOMELESS YOUTH.—The term ‘homeless
21 youth’ means an individual—

22 “(A) who is—

23 “(i) not more than 21 years of age;
24 and

1 “(ii) for the purposes of part B, not
2 less than 16 years of age;

3 “(B) for whom it is not possible to live in
4 a safe environment with a relative; and

5 “(C) who has no other safe alternative liv-
6 ing arrangement.

7 “(4) STREET-BASED SERVICES.—The term
8 ‘street-based services’—

9 “(A) means services provided to runaway
10 and homeless youth, and street youth, in areas
11 where they congregate, designed to assist such
12 youth in making healthy personal choices re-
13 garding where they live and how they behave;
14 and

15 “(B) may include—

16 “(i) identification of and outreach to
17 runaway and homeless youth, and street
18 youth;

19 “(ii) crisis intervention and counsel-
20 ing;

21 “(iii) information and referral for
22 housing;

23 “(iv) information and referral for
24 transitional living and health care services;

1 “(v) advocacy, education, and preven-
2 tion services related to—

3 “(I) alcohol and drug abuse;

4 “(II) sexual exploitation;

5 “(III) sexually transmitted dis-
6 eases, including human immuno-
7 deficiency virus (HIV); and

8 “(IV) physical and sexual as-
9 sault.

10 “(5) STREET YOUTH.—The term ‘street youth’
11 means an individual who—

12 “(A) is—

13 “(i) a runaway youth; or

14 “(ii) indefinitely or intermittently a
15 homeless youth; and

16 “(B) spends a significant amount of time
17 on the street or in other areas that increase the
18 risk to such youth for sexual abuse, sexual ex-
19 ploitation, prostitution, or drug abuse.

20 “(6) TRANSITIONAL LIVING YOUTH PROJECT.—

21 The term ‘transitional living youth project’ means a
22 project that provides shelter and services designed to
23 promote a transition to self-sufficient living and to
24 prevent long-term dependency on social services.

1 “(7) YOUTH AT RISK OF SEPARATION FROM
2 THE FAMILY.—The term ‘youth at risk of separation
3 from the family’ means an individual—

4 “(A) who is less than 18 years of age; and

5 “(B)(i) who has a history of running away
6 from the family of such individual;

7 “(ii) whose parent, guardian, or custodian
8 is not willing to provide for the basic needs of
9 such individual; or

10 “(iii) who is at risk of entering the child
11 welfare system or juvenile justice system as a
12 result of the lack of services available to the
13 family to meet such needs.”.

14 (q) REDESIGNATION OF SECTIONS.—Sections 371,
15 372, 381, 382, and 383 of the Runaway and Homeless
16 Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5714b–5851 et seq.), as amended
17 by this title, are redesignated as sections 380, 381, 382,
18 383, and 384, respectively.

19 (r) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—The Runaway and
20 Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5701 et seq.) is
21 amended—

22 (1) in section 331, in the first sentence, by
23 striking “With” and all that follows through “the
24 Secretary”, and inserting “The Secretary”; and

1 (2) in section 344(a)(1), by striking “With”
2 and all that follows through “the Secretary”, and in-
3 serting “The Secretary”.

4 **Subtitle C—Repeal of Title V Relat-**
5 **ing to Incentive Grants for**
6 **Local Delinquency Prevention**
7 **Programs**

8 **SEC. 241. REPEALER.**

9 Title V of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
10 vention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5681 et seq.), as added
11 by Public Law 102–586, is repealed.

12 **Subtitle D—Amendments to the**
13 **Missing Children’s Assistance Act**

14 **SEC. 251. NATIONAL CENTER FOR MISSING AND EXPLOITED**
15 **CHILDREN.**

16 (a) FINDINGS.—Section 402 of the Missing Chil-
17 dren’s Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5771) is amended—

18 (1) in paragraph (7), by striking “and” at the
19 end;

20 (2) in paragraph (8), by striking the period at
21 the end and inserting a semicolon; and

22 (3) by adding at the end the following:

23 “(9) for 14 years, the National Center for Miss-
24 ing and Exploited Children has—

1 “(A) served as the national resource center
2 and clearinghouse congressionally mandated
3 under the provisions of the Missing Children’s
4 Assistance Act of 1984; and

5 “(B) worked in partnership with the De-
6 partment of Justice, the Federal Bureau of In-
7 vestigation, the Department of the Treasury,
8 the Department of State, and many other agen-
9 cies in the effort to find missing children and
10 prevent child victimization;

11 “(10) Congress has given the Center, which is
12 a private non-profit corporation, access to the Na-
13 tional Crime Information Center of the Federal Bu-
14 reau of Investigation, and the National Law En-
15 forcement Telecommunications System;

16 “(11) since 1987, the Center has operated the
17 National Child Pornography Tipline, in conjunction
18 with the United States Customs Service and the
19 United States Postal Inspection Service and, begin-
20 ning this year, the Center established a new
21 CyberTipline on child exploitation, thus becoming
22 ‘the 911 for the Internet’;

23 “(12) in light of statistics that time is of the es-
24 sence in cases of child abduction, the Director of the
25 Federal Bureau of Investigation in February of

1 1997 created a new NCIC child abduction ('CA')
2 flag to provide the Center immediate notification in
3 the most serious cases, resulting in 642 'CA' notifi-
4 cations to the Center and helping the Center to have
5 its highest recovery rate in history;

6 "(13) the Center has established a national and
7 increasingly worldwide network, linking the Center
8 online with each of the missing children clearing-
9 houses operated by the 50 States, the District of Co-
10 lumbia, and Puerto Rico, as well as with Scotland
11 Yard in the United Kingdom, the Royal Canadian
12 Mounted Police, INTERPOL headquarters in Lyon,
13 France, and others, which has enabled the Center to
14 transmit images and information regarding missing
15 children to law enforcement across the United States
16 and around the world instantly;

17 "(14) from its inception in 1984 through March
18 31, 1998, the Center has—

19 "(A) handled 1,203,974 calls through its
20 24-hour toll-free hotline (1-800-THE-LOST)
21 and currently averages 700 calls per day;

22 "(B) trained 146,284 law enforcement,
23 criminal and juvenile justice, and healthcare
24 professionals in child sexual exploitation and

1 missing child case detection, identification, in-
2 vestigation, and prevention;

3 “(C) disseminated 15,491,344 free publica-
4 tions to citizens and professionals; and

5 “(D) worked with law enforcement on the
6 cases of 59,481 missing children, resulting in
7 the recovery of 40,180 children;

8 “(15) the demand for the services of the Center
9 is growing dramatically, as evidenced by the fact
10 that in 1997, the Center handled 129,100 calls, an
11 all-time record, and by the fact that its new Internet
12 website (www.missingkids.com) receives 1,500,000
13 ‘hits’ every day, and is linked with hundreds of other
14 websites to provide real-time images of breaking
15 cases of missing children;

16 “(16) in 1997, the Center provided policy train-
17 ing to 256 police chiefs and sheriffs from 50 States
18 and Guam at its new Jimmy Ryce Law Enforcement
19 Training Center;

20 “(17) the programs of the Center have had a
21 remarkable impact, such as in the fight against in-
22 fant abductions in partnership with the healthcare
23 industry, during which the Center has performed
24 668 onsite hospital walk-throughs and inspections,
25 and trained 45,065 hospital administrators, nurses,

1 and security personnel, and thereby helped to reduce
2 infant abductions in the United States by 82 per-
3 cent;

4 “(18) the Center is now playing a significant
5 role in international child abduction cases, serving as
6 a representative of the Department of State at cases
7 under The Hague Convention, and successfully re-
8 solving the cases of 343 international child abduc-
9 tions, and providing greater support to parents in
10 the United States;

11 “(19) the Center is a model of public/private
12 partnership, raising private sector funds to match
13 congressional appropriations and receiving extensive
14 private in-kind support, including advanced tech-
15 nology provided by the computer industry such as
16 imaging technology used to age the photographs of
17 long-term missing children and to reconstruct facial
18 images of unidentified deceased children;

19 “(20) the Center was 1 of only 10 of 300 major
20 national charities given an A+ grade in 1997 by the
21 American Institute of Philanthropy; and

22 “(21) the Center has been redesignated as the
23 Nation’s missing children clearinghouse and resource
24 center once every 3 years through a competitive se-
25 lection process conducted by the Office of Juvenile

1 Justice and Delinquency Prevention of the Depart-
2 ment of Justice, and has received grants from that
3 Office to conduct the crucial purposes of the Cen-
4 ter.”.

5 (b) DEFINITIONS.—Section 403 of the Missing Chil-
6 dren’s Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5772) is amended—

7 (1) in paragraph (1), by striking “and” at the
8 end;

9 (2) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at
10 the end and inserting “; and”; and

11 (3) by adding at the end the following:

12 “(3) the term ‘Center’ means the National Cen-
13 ter for Missing and Exploited Children.”.

14 (c) DUTIES AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADMINIS-
15 TRATOR.—Section 404 of the Missing Children’s Assist-
16 ance Act (42 U.S.C. 5773) is amended—

17 (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-
18 section (d); and

19 (2) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the
20 following:

21 “(b) ANNUAL GRANT TO NATIONAL CENTER FOR
22 MISSING AND EXPLOITED CHILDREN.—

23 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall
24 annually make a grant to the Center, which shall be
25 used to—

1 “(A)(i) operate a national 24-hour toll-free
2 telephone line by which individuals may report
3 information regarding the location of any miss-
4 ing child, or other child 13 years of age or
5 younger whose whereabouts are unknown to
6 such child’s legal custodian, and request infor-
7 mation pertaining to procedures necessary to
8 reunite such child with such child’s legal custo-
9 dian; and

10 “(ii) coordinate the operation of such tele-
11 phone line with the operation of the national
12 communications system referred to in part C of
13 the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act (42
14 U.S.C. 5714–11);

15 “(B) operate the official national resource
16 center and information clearinghouse for miss-
17 ing and exploited children;

18 “(C) provide to State and local govern-
19 ments, public and private nonprofit agencies,
20 and individuals, information regarding—

21 “(i) free or low-cost legal, restaurant,
22 lodging, and transportation services that
23 are available for the benefit of missing and
24 exploited children and their families; and

1 “(ii) the existence and nature of pro-
2 grams being carried out by Federal agen-
3 cies to assist missing and exploited chil-
4 dren and their families;

5 “(D) coordinate public and private pro-
6 grams that locate, recover, or reunite missing
7 children with their families;

8 “(E) disseminate, on a national basis, in-
9 formation relating to innovative and model pro-
10 grams, services, and legislation that benefit
11 missing and exploited children;

12 “(F) provide technical assistance and
13 training to law enforcement agencies, State and
14 local governments, elements of the criminal jus-
15 tice system, public and private nonprofit agen-
16 cies, and individuals in the prevention, inves-
17 tigation, prosecution, and treatment of cases in-
18 volving missing and exploited children; and

19 “(G) provide assistance to families and law
20 enforcement agencies in locating and recovering
21 missing and exploited children, both nationally
22 and internationally.

23 “(2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
24 There is authorized to be appropriated to the Ad-
25 ministrator to carry out this subsection,

1 \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2000, 2001,
2 2002, and 2003.

3 “(c) NATIONAL INCIDENCE STUDIES.—The Adminis-
4 trator, either by making grants to or entering into con-
5 tracts with public agencies or nonprofit private agencies,
6 shall—

7 “(1) periodically conduct national incidence
8 studies to determine for a given year the actual
9 number of children reported missing each year, the
10 number of children who are victims of abduction by
11 strangers, the number of children who are the vic-
12 tims of parental kidnapings, and the number of chil-
13 dren who are recovered each year; and

14 “(2) provide to State and local governments,
15 public and private nonprofit agencies, and individ-
16 uals information to facilitate the lawful use of school
17 records and birth certificates to identify and locate
18 missing children.”.

19 (d) NATIONAL CENTER FOR MISSING AND EX-
20 PLOITED CHILDREN.—Section 405(a) of the Missing Chil-
21 dren’s Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5775(a)) is amended by
22 inserting “the Center and with” before “public agencies”.

23 (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section
24 408 of the Missing Children’s Assistance Act (42 U.S.C.

1 5777) is amended by striking “1997 through 2001” and
2 inserting “2000 through 2003”.

3 **Subtitle E—Studies and**
4 **Evaluations**

5 **SEC. 261. STUDY OF SCHOOL VIOLENCE.**

6 (a) CONTRACT FOR STUDY.—Not later than 60 days
7 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
8 of Education shall enter into a contract with the National
9 Academy of Sciences for the purposes of conducting a
10 study regarding the antecedents of school violence in
11 urban, suburban, and rural schools, including the inci-
12 dents of school violence that occurred in Pearl, Mis-
13 sissippi; Paducah, Kentucky; Jonesboro, Arkansas;
14 Springfield, Oregon; Edinboro, Pennsylvania; Fayetteville,
15 Tennessee; Littleton, Colorado; and Conyers, Georgia.
16 Under the terms of such contract, the National Academy
17 of Sciences shall appoint a panel that will—

- 18 (1) review the relevant research about adoles-
19 cent violence in general and school violence in par-
20 ticular, including the existing longitudinal and cross-
21 sectional studies on youth that are relevant to exam-
22 ining violent behavior,
- 23 (2) relate what can be learned from past and
24 current research and surveys to specific incidents of
25 school shootings,

1 (3) interview relevant individuals, if possible,
2 such as the perpetrators of such incidents, their
3 families, their friends, their teachers, mental health
4 providers, and others, and

5 (4) give particular attention to such issues as—

6 (A) the perpetrators' early development,
7 the relationship with their families, community
8 and school experiences, and utilization of men-
9 tal health services,

10 (B) the relationship between perpetrators
11 and their victims,

12 (C) how the perpetrators gained access to
13 firearms,

14 (D) the impact of cultural influences and
15 exposure to the media, video games, and the
16 Internet, and

17 (E) such other issues as the panel deems
18 important or relevant to the purpose of the
19 study.

20 The National Academy of Sciences shall utilize profes-
21 sionals with expertise in such issues, including psychia-
22 trists, social workers, behavioral and social scientists,
23 practitioners, epidemiologists, statisticians, and meth-
24 odologists.

1 (b) REPORT.—The National Academy of Sciences
2 shall submit a report containing the results of the study
3 required by subsection (a), to the Speaker of the House
4 of Representatives, the President pro tempore of the Sen-
5 ate, the Chair and ranking minority Member of the Com-
6 mittee on Education and the Workforce of the House of
7 Representatives, and the Chair and ranking minority
8 Member of the Committee on Health, Education, Labor,
9 and Pensions of the Senate, not later than January 1,
10 2001, or 18 months after entering into the contract re-
11 quired by such subsection, whichever is earlier.

12 (c) APPROPRIATION.—Of the funds made available
13 under Public Law 105-277 for the Department of Edu-
14 cation, \$2.1 million shall be made available to carry out
15 this section.

16 **SEC. 262. STUDY OF THE MENTAL HEALTH NEEDS OF JUVE-**
17 **NILES IN SECURE OR NONSECURE PLACE-**
18 **MENTS IN THE JUVENILE JUSTICE SYSTEM.**

19 (a) STUDY.—The Administrator of the Office of Ju-
20 venile Crime Control and Delinquency Prevention, in col-
21 laboration with the National Institute of Mental Health,
22 shall conduct a study that includes, but is not limited to,
23 all of the following:

24 (1) Identification of the scope and nature of the
25 mental health problems or disorders of—

1 (A) juveniles who are alleged to be or adju-
2 dicated delinquent and who, as a result of such
3 status, have been placed in secure detention or
4 confinement or in nonsecure residential place-
5 ments, and

6 (B) juveniles on probation after having
7 been adjudicated delinquent and having received
8 a disposition as delinquent.

9 (2) A comprehensive survey of the types of
10 mental health services that are currently being pro-
11 vided to such juveniles by States and units of local
12 government.

13 (3) Identification of governmental entities that
14 have developed or implemented model or promising
15 screening, assessment, or treatment programs or in-
16 novative mental health delivery or coordination sys-
17 tems, that address and meet the mental health needs
18 of such juveniles.

19 (4) A review of the literature that analyzes the
20 mental health problems and needs of juveniles in the
21 juvenile justice system and that documents innova-
22 tive and promising models and programs that ad-
23 dress such needs.

24 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the
25 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall sub-

1 mit to the Congress, and broadly disseminate to individ-
2 uals and entities engaged in fields that provide services
3 for the benefit of juveniles or that make policy relating
4 to juveniles, a report containing the results of the study
5 conducted under subsection (a) and documentation identi-
6 fying promising or innovative models or programs referred
7 to in such subsection.

8 **SEC. 263. EVALUATION BY GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE.**

9 (a) EVALUATION.—Not later than October 1, 2002,
10 the Comptroller General of the United States shall con-
11 duct a comprehensive analysis and evaluation regarding
12 the performance of the Office of Juvenile Justice Delin-
13 quency and Prevention, its functions, its programs, and
14 its grants under specified criteria, and shall submit the
15 report required by subsection (b). In conducting the analy-
16 sis and evaluation, the Comptroller General shall take into
17 consideration the following factors to document the effi-
18 ciency and public benefit of the Juvenile Justice and De-
19 linquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5601 et
20 seq.), excluding the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act
21 (42 U.S.C. 5701 et seq.) and the Missing Children's As-
22 sistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5771 et seq.):

23 (1) The extent to which the agency has com-
24 plied with the provisions contained in the Govern-

1 ment Performance and Results Act of 1993 (Pub.
2 Law 103-62; 107 Stat. 285).

3 (2) The outcome and results of the programs
4 carried out by the Office of Juvenile Justice and De-
5 linquency Prevention and those administered
6 through grants by Office of Juvenile Justice and De-
7 linquency Prevention.

8 (3) Whether the agency has acted outside the
9 scope of its original authority, and whether the origi-
10 nal objectives of the agency have been achieved.

11 (4) Whether less restrictive or alternative meth-
12 ods exists to carry out the functions of the agency.
13 Whether present functions or operations are im-
14 peded or enhanced by existing, statutes, rules, and
15 procedures.

16 (5) The extent to which the jurisdiction of, and
17 the programs administered by, the agency duplicate
18 or conflict with the jurisdiction and programs of
19 other agencies.

20 (6) The potential benefits of consolidating pro-
21 grams administered by the agency with similar or
22 duplicative programs of other agencies, and the po-
23 tential for consolidating such programs.

1 (7) The number and types of beneficiaries or
2 persons served by programs carried out under the
3 Act.

4 (8) The extent to which any trends, develop-
5 ments, or emerging conditions that are likely to af-
6 fect the future nature and the extent of the prob-
7 lems or needs the programs carried out by the Act
8 are intended to address.

9 (9) The manner with which the agency seeks
10 public input and input from State and local govern-
11 ments on the performance of the functions of the
12 agency.

13 (10) Whether the agency has worked to enact
14 changes in the law intended to benefit the public as
15 a whole rather than the specific businesses, institu-
16 tions, or individuals the agency regulates or funds.

17 (11) The extent to which the agency grants
18 have encouraged participation by the public as a
19 whole in making its rules and decisions rather than
20 encouraging participation solely by those it regu-
21 lates.

22 (12) The extent to which the agency complies
23 with section 552 of title 5, United States Code (com-
24 monly known as the “Freedom of Information Act”).

1 (13) The impact of any regulatory, privacy, and
2 paperwork concerns resulting from the programs
3 carried out by the agency.

4 (14) The extent to which the agency has coordi-
5 nated with state and local governments in perform-
6 ing the functions of the agency.

7 (15) The extent to which changes are necessary
8 in the authorizing statutes of the agency in order
9 that the functions of the agency can be performed
10 in a more efficient and effective manner.

11 (16) Whether greater oversight is needed of
12 programs developed with grants made by the Office
13 of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention.

14 (b) REPORT.—The report required by subsection (a)
15 shall—

16 (1) include recommendations for legislative
17 changes, as appropriate, based on the evaluation
18 conducted under subsection (a), to be made to the
19 Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of
20 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5601 et seq.), excluding the Run-
21 away and Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5701 et
22 seq.) and the Missing Children's Assistance Act (42
23 U.S.C. 5771 et seq.), and

24 (2) shall be submitted, together with supporting
25 materials, to the Speaker of the House of Represent-

1 atives and the President pro tempore of the Senate,
2 and made available to the public .

3 **SEC. 264. GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE REPORT.**

4 Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment
5 of this Act, the General Accounting Office shall transmit
6 to Congress a report containing the following:

7 (1) For each State, a description of the types
8 of after-school programs that are available for stu-
9 dents in kindergarten through grade 12, including
10 programs sponsored by the Boys and Girls Clubs of
11 America, the Boy Scouts of America, the Girl Scouts
12 of America, YMCAs, and athletic and other pro-
13 grams operated by public schools and other State
14 and local agencies.

15 (2) For 15 communities selected to represent a
16 variety of regional, population, and demographic
17 profiles, a detailed analysis of all of the after-school
18 programs that are available for students in kinder-
19 garten through grade 12, including programs spon-
20 sored by the Boys and Girls Clubs of America, the
21 Boy Scouts of America, the Girl Scouts of America,
22 YMCAs, mentoring programs, athletic programs,
23 and programs operated by public schools, churches,
24 day care centers, parks, recreation centers, family
25 day care, community organizations, law enforcement

1 agencies, service providers, and for-profit and non-
2 profit organizations.

3 (3) For each State, a description of significant
4 areas of unmet need in the quality and availability
5 of after-school programs.

6 (4) For each State, a description of barriers
7 which prevent or deter the participation of children
8 in after-school programs.

9 (5) For each State, a description of barriers to
10 improving the quality and availability of after-school
11 programs.

12 (6) A list of activities, other than after-school
13 programs, in which students in kindergarten through
14 grade 12 participate when not in school, including
15 jobs, volunteer opportunities, and other non-school
16 affiliated programs.

17 (7) An analysis of the value of the activities
18 listed pursuant to paragraph (6) to the well-being
19 and educational development of students in kinder-
20 garten through grade 12.

21 **SEC. 265. BEHAVIORAL AND SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH**
22 **ON YOUTH VIOLENCE.**

23 (a) NIH RESEARCH.—The National Institutes of
24 Health, acting through the Office of Behavioral and Social
25 Sciences Research, shall carry out a coordinated, multi-

1 year course of behavioral and social science research on
2 the causes and prevention of youth violence.

3 (b) NATURE OF RESEARCH.—Funds made available
4 to the National Institutes of Health pursuant to this sec-
5 tion shall be utilized to conduct, support, coordinate, and
6 disseminate basic and applied behavioral and social science
7 research with respect to youth violence, including research
8 on 1 or more of the following subjects:

9 (1) The etiology of youth violence.

10 (2) Risk factors for youth violence.

11 (3) Childhood precursors to antisocial violent
12 behavior.

13 (4) The role of peer pressure in inciting youth
14 violence.

15 (5) The processes by which children develop
16 patterns of thought and behavior, including beliefs
17 about the value of human life.

18 (6) Science-based strategies for preventing
19 youth violence, including school and community-
20 based programs.

21 (7) Other subjects that the Director of the Of-
22 fice of Behavioral and Social Sciences Research
23 deems appropriate.

24 (c) ROLE OF THE OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL AND SO-
25 CIAL SCIENCES RESEARCH.—Pursuant to this section and

1 section 404A of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
2 283c), the Director of the Office of Behavioral and Social
3 Sciences Research shall—

4 (1) coordinate research on youth violence con-
5 ducted or supported by the agencies of the National
6 Institutes of Health;

7 (2) identify youth violence research projects
8 that should be conducted or supported by the re-
9 search institutes, and develop such projects in co-
10 operation with such institutes and in consultation
11 with State and Federal law enforcement agencies;

12 (3) take steps to further cooperation and col-
13 laboration between the National Institutes of Health
14 and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention,
15 the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services
16 Administration, the agencies of the Department of
17 Justice, and other governmental and nongovern-
18 mental agencies with respect to youth violence re-
19 search conducted or supported by such agencies;

20 (4) establish a clearinghouse for information
21 about youth violence research conducted by govern-
22 mental and nongovernmental entities; and

23 (5) periodically report to Congress on the state
24 of youth violence research and make recommenda-
25 tions to Congress regarding such research.

1 (d) FUNDING.—There is authorized to be appro-
2 priated, \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2000 through
3 2004 to carry out this section. If amount are not sepa-
4 rately appropriated to carry out this section, the Director
5 of the National Institutes of Health shall carry out this
6 section using funds appropriated generally to the National
7 Institutes of Health, except that funds expended for under
8 this section shall supplement and not supplant existing
9 funding for behavioral research activities at the National
10 Institutes of Health.

11 **Subtitle F—General Provisions**

12 **SEC. 271. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION OF AMEND-** 13 **MENTS.**

14 (a) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Except as provided in sub-
15 section (b), this title and the amendments made by this
16 title shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this
17 Act.

18 (b) APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS.—The amend-
19 ments made by this title shall apply only with respect to
20 fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1999.

Amend the title so as to read: “A bill to amend the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to provide grants to ensure increased accountability for juvenile offenders; to amend the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 to provide quality prevention programs and accountability programs relating to juvenile delinquency; and for other purposes.”.